

Report To:	Local Police & Fire So Committee	crutiny Date:	29 November 2018
Report By:	Corporate Director Education, Communities & Organisational Development	Report No:	P&F/05/18/HS
Contact Officer:	Hugh Scott	Contact No:	01475 715450
Subject:	Community Safety Report – Yo	uth Gatherings	

1.0 PURPOSE

1.1 The purpose of this report is to provide an update to the Local Police & Fire Scrutiny Committee on the responses to large-scale youth gatherings in Inverclyde since 2015.

2.0 SUMMARY

- 2.1 In the summer of 2015, large-scale gatherings involving groups of 50-70 youths were identified as an emerging phenomenon in particular areas of Inverclyde. Across 2016 and 2017 the frequency, numbers, location and seasonal duration of the large-scale gatherings increased.
- 2.2 In response, a multi-agency approach was developed which saw the creation of a strategic process and multi-agency action plan led by the then Safer & Inclusive Communities Service. The approach was guided by the overarching aim of promoting youth safety; providing public reassurance; reinforcing parental/carer responsibilities; and taking appropriate and targeted escalated actions to address issues specific to individual situations.
- 2.3 In early 2017 and again in early 2018, the strategic process and multi-agency action plans were reviewed to ensure appropriateness for the forthcoming period, with the review being directed and informed by analysis of the data held by Inverclyde Council and Police Scotland relative to youth gatherings.

3.0 RECOMMENDATIONS

- 3.1 That the Local Police & Fire Scrutiny Committee:
 - notes the multi-agency approach taken in response to large-scale youth gatherings;
 - notes the overarching aims of promoting safety, providing public reassurance and reinforcing parental/carer responsibilities;
 - notes the reduction in frequency, numbers, location and seasonal duration of the largescale gatherings in 2018;
 - acknowledges the commitment of resources from partner agencies; and
 - supports the continuation of an area based, multi-agency approach to large-scale youth gatherings by the Community Safety Partnership.

Grant McGovern Head of Inclusive Education, Culture and Communities

and

Martin McNab Head of Environmental & Public Protection

4.0 BACKGROUND

- 4.1 It is important for Members to note that the actual gathering of young people in large numbers is not in itself an issue which needs to be addressed. What requires to be addressed are the safety issues related to the location of these gatherings and any aberrant behaviour, such as drunkenness, anti-social behaviour, etc. which may stem from the gathering. Interventions for addressing criminal behaviour already exist and, where appropriate, will be utilised by the relevant agencies. Our approaches focus on addressing the identified issues in a way which keeps our young people safe, has early intervention routes to prevent escalation into more serious issues and provides the public with reassurance.
- 4.2 Across June-August 2015, large-scale gatherings involving groups of 50-70 youths were identified as an emerging phenomenon in particular areas of Inverclyde, resulting in a high volume of resident complaints being received by both Police Scotland and Inverclyde Council. In response, a joint Inverclyde Council and Police Scotland approach was developed for delivery in 2016. The responses to large-scale youth gatherings in 2016 were largely reactive and resulted in youths either being moved on or being spoken to about anti-social behaviour. Youth engagement was undertaken by the Community Learning Development (CLD) team both on a proactive and reactive basis at incidents and in school settings. During 2016, the large-scale youth gatherings increased in frequency, numbers, locations and seasonal duration, commencing in March and continuing to occur as late as September. In line with the increasing frequency, numbers and locations the risk to young people increased and a number of young people across 2016 were found in harmful or risky situations, some of which resulted in hospital treatment being required.
- 4.3 In preparation for 2017, an area based, multi-agency approach was developed which saw the creation of a strategic process and multi-agency action plan led by the then Safer & Inclusive Communities Service and including Police Scotland, British Transport Police, Scotrail and relevant Council Services including CLD, Education and Corporate Communications. Development of the plan was informed by analysis of Police Scotland and Inverclyde Council data and the approach was guided by the overarching aim of promoting youth safety; providing public reassurance; reinforcing parental/carer responsibilities; and taking appropriate and targeted escalation action to address issues specific to individual situations.
- 4.4 In 2017, resources were committed to Area 2 and Areas 4 & 5 due to the volume of complaints received and those areas lending themselves to easier access and monitoring due to their contained locations. This caused a dispersal of the gatherings and saw a decrease in frequency at those areas albeit an increase in group size with estimates of up to 150 youths not being uncommon when those areas were used. Dispersal of gatherings in these areas appears to have caused an increase in gatherings at Areas 3 & 7.

5.0 REVIEW OF 2017 ACTIONS

- 5.1 In preparation for 2018, the area based, multi-agency, action plan approach was continued and data analysis was used to further refine the areas and timelines associated with the actions. The overarching ethos of promoting youth safety; providing public reassurance; reinforcing parental/carer responsibilities; and taking appropriate and targeted escalation action to address issues specific to individual situations was retained. Copies of the strategic process map and Action Plan are included at Appendix I and II respectively.
- 5.2 The actions carried out in 2018 in preparation for large-scale youth gatherings included;
 - Monthly analysis of crime and anti-social behaviour data specific to large scale gatherings.
 - Delivery of targeted, school based, fire awareness and fire prevention initiatives.
 - Attendance of Police Scotland and Community Wardens at reported incidents.
 - Home visits and signposting/referrals to support services for parents/carers where required.
 - Train station initiatives to address ticketless travel.
 - School based awareness and educational campaigns.
 - Parent/Carer education and awareness sessions.
 - Securing derelict buildings.

- Test purchase initiatives by Trading Standards and Police Scotland.
- 5.3 The Youth Gathering & Youth Disorder Report included at Appendix III illustrates the number of incidents by area across the 4 year period and allows for direct comparison of the Quarter 2 & 3 periods of previous years. There has been a significant decrease in 2018 in the number of incidents associated with large-scale youth gatherings when comparing the core Quarter 2 & 3 periods over the last 4 years. Only Areas 3 & 8 showed an increase across this period, however analysis of these 10% and 29% respective increases confirms that the total numbers of incidents in those areas are low across all years and also confirms that the rises are not directly related to large-scale youth gatherings. In Area 3, one third of the complaints regarding youths relate to reports of individual disturbances in the Mallard Crescent Area. In Area 8 the increase related to the now demolished Wemyss Bay Hotel.
- 5.4 In addition to the evidenced decrease in the number of incidents associated with large-scale youth gatherings across Inverclyde, anecdotal evidence suggests that the issue of territorialism across the area may have reduced significantly. There are no baseline figures available for comparison, however a 2017 snapshot of 65 youths attending a large-scale gathering in Upper Port Glasgow indicated that almost 40% of attendees came from outwith the Upper Port Glasgow area.
- 5.5 Trend analysis suggests that targeted action does result in a reduction of complaints and usage at those locations, however it also often results in youth gatherings occurring and/or increasing in frequency at other locations. In the summer of 2018, two further locations have been identified through intelligence gathering and recorded complaints as areas of increasingly frequent large-scale youth gatherings and these are Tower Hill, Gourock and Kelburn Park, Port Glasgow.

6.0 **RECOMMENDATION**

- 6.1 Whilst the initiatives and approaches undertaken from 2016 to date could reasonably be considered as having delivered successful outcomes in respect of keeping young people safe, providing public reassurance and reinforcing parental/carer responsibilities there is no way to definitively correlate these initiatives and approaches with the reduction in incidents associated with large-scale youth gatherings. However, should the issue reoccur in 2019, it is incumbent on the Council and its partners to minimise the risk to young people and provide public reassurance.
- 6.2 It is recommended that the existing multi-agency approach be retained and delivered under the umbrella of the Community Safety Partnership through the Co-ordinating Group and that an action plan be put in place for 2019 with a focus on delivery of preventative actions and the quick resumption of reactive actions should the large-scale youth gatherings reoccur in the original areas or in the additional locations identified in 2018.

7.0 IMPLICATIONS

7.1 Finance

Any expenditure associated with deliver of the multi-agency approach is expected to be met from existing budgets.

Financial Implications:

7.2 One off Costs

Cost Centre	Budget Heading	With Effect from	Annual Net Impact £000	Virement From (If Applicable)	Other Comments
N/A	N/A	N/A	£000	N/A	

Annually Recurring Costs/ (Savings)

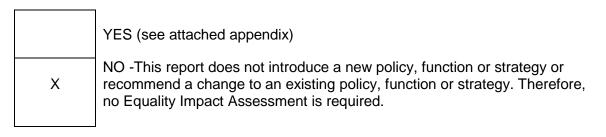
	Cost Centre	Budget Heading	Budget Years	Proposed Spend this Report £000	Virement From	Other Comments
L	N/A	N/A	N/A	£000	N/A	

7.3 <u>Legal</u>

None.

- 7.4 <u>Human Resources</u> None.
- 7.5 Equalities

Has an Equality Impact Assessment been carried out?



7.6 <u>Repopulation</u> None.

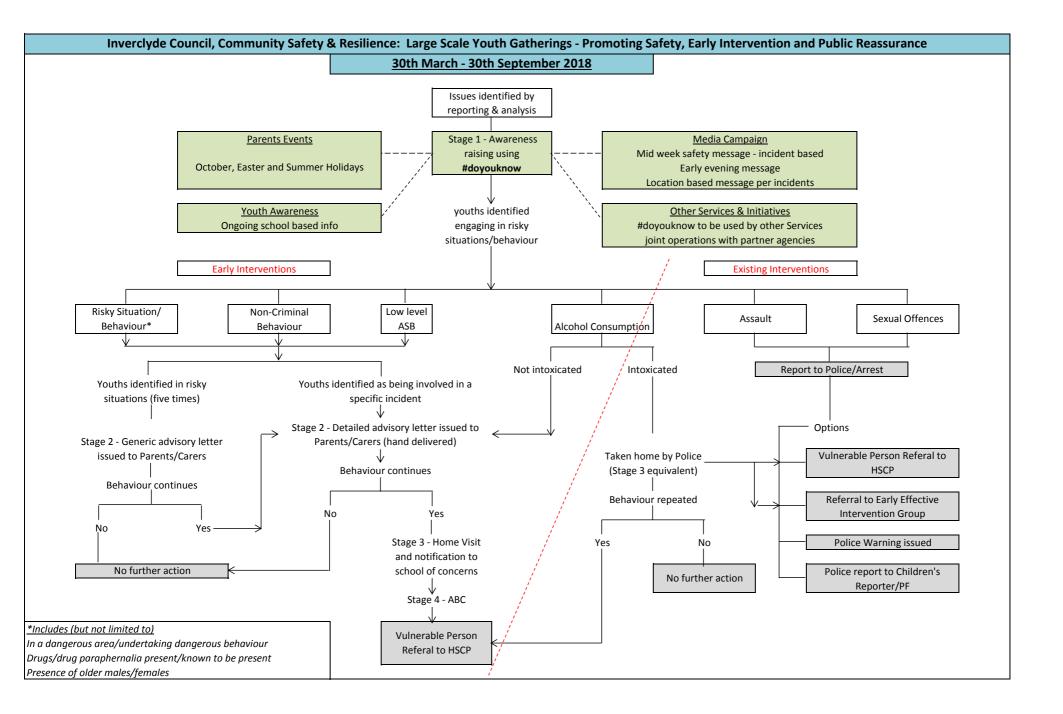
8.0 BACKGROUND PAPERS

8.1 None.

Grant McGovern Head of Inclusive Education, Culture and Communities

and

Martin McNab Head of Environmental & Public Protection



Inverclyde Council, Community Safety & Resilience: Large Scale Youth Gatherings – Promoting Safety, Early Intervention and Public Reassurance

effective from: 30th March 2018 for 6 months

Area 1 – Dubbs Road & Cycle Track. Area 2 – Pladda Fields. Area 3 – Coves Reservoir. Area 4 – Inverkip Beach. Area 5 – Wemyss Bay Trainline. Area 6 – Gourock Trainline (trainlines within the Inverclyde local authority area). Area 7 – Murdieston Dam

ACT.	AREA	ISSUE	ACTIONS	OWNER	FREQ.	COMMENTS
1	Areas 1-7	Reports of crime and anti- social behaviour incidents and related information	Analysis of Police Scotland and Inv Council data to identify issues and direct strategy and actions	Community Safety & Resilience	Monthly	Data analysis is the core evidence base for any strategy or action
2	Areas 1-7	Identification of primary & secondary fire locations.	Analysis of Scottish Fire & Rescue and Inv Council data to identify locations and direct fire awareness/ prevention initiatives	Community Safety & Resilience	Monthly	Data analysis is the core evidence base for any strategy or action
3a	Areas 1-7	Reports and complaints of live incidents	Attendance of Police Scotland and Community Wardens in response to incidents	Police Scotland and Social Protection Team	As req'd	Provide public reassurance, promote safety, respond to incidents, collate intelligence.
3b	Areas 1-7	Youths engaging in risky behaviour or found in risky situations	Police Scotland to provide names of youths and details of incidents to Social Protection Team. Community Wardens will also identify youths.	Police LALO & Social Protection Team	Weekly	Action will be safety based as per process map and will be relevant to each scenario and each young person.
3с	Area 1-7	Parent(s)/Carer(s) may be unaware of risky behaviour or situations their child is engaging in	Social Protection Team will make contact with Parent(s)/Carer(s) of relevant individuals to raise awareness of risks, discuss any concerns and provide signposting to relevant support services	Social Protection Team	Weekly	Raising awareness through direct contact will help address issue or facilitate escalation interventions
4	Areas 1-7 Areas 5 & 6	Individual youths engaging in criminality Individual youths engaging in criminality on the trainline	 (1)Police Scotland to provide names and details of behaviour to Social Protection Team (2) BTP/Scotrail to provide names and details to Social Protection Team 	(1)Police LALO (2) BTP/Scotrail Officer	Weekly Weekly	Action will be relevant to each scenario and each young person with appropriate interventions and referrals to made to relevant organisations.

5a	Areas 5 & 6	BTP & Scotrail input required to ensure a co-ordinated approach.	BTP & Scotrail to attend to relevant meetings and/or be kept informed	BTP, Scotrail, Comm Safety & Resilience	Per update/ meetings	Awareness and prompt response to specific issues should limit escalation
5b	Areas 5 & 6	Ticketless travel on trainlines by youths	Joint operation by Scotrail, BTP, Police Scotland and Social Protection Team at selected stations on weekend evenings. Wardens will attend with Ticker Inspector.	BTP, Scotrail & Social Protection Team	As req'd	Locations to be agreed, frequency to be agreed.
5c	Areas 5 & 6	Youths change travel route and/or embarkation stations	Establish quick response structure for a one-off joint operation with BTP, Scotrail and Social Protection Team.	BTP, Scotrail & Social Protection Team	As req'd	Structure and notice period to be agreed. Awareness and prompt response to specific issues should limit escalation
6	Area 3	Buildings accessible to youths. Area inaccessible for emergency services and Wardens	Buildings to be secured and vegetation to be cut back.	Unpaid Work Service, Property Services & Historic Scotland	April 2018	Restricting access reduces attractiveness in wet weather. Improving access for emergency services and Wardens allows for improved response to incidents.
7a	Areas 1-7	Perceptions, anecdotal evidence and fear of crime affect communities and influence the demands for action.	Weekly media campaign to be fed with accurate data from all partners and #doyouknow to be used on all campaign linked material	Community Safety & Resilience Team via Corporate Communications	Weekly	Raising awareness of the issues can address negative perceptions and provide public reassurance.
7b	Areas 1-7	Impact of behaviour not understood by young people	School based awareness campaign to be considered with input from residents and relevant Services.	Community Learning & Development	Through out School Year	Minimal behavioural changes can lead to high impact results
7c	Areas 1-7	Awareness of youth gathering safety issues low amongst 12-14 age group and parents	School based educational campaign backed up by a media campaign and Parents Evenings	Service Manager: CLD, Community Safety & Sports and Corp Comms	March 2018 & Ongoing	Raise awareness through education and information.
8	Areas 1-7	Repeated requests for updates and information from members of the public, elected members and a range of public representatives and organisations	Detailed information to be provided on the Community Safety & Resilience webpage. To match and support the weekly media campaign	Community Safety & Resilience with Corporate Communications	Weekly	Raises parental awareness, provides public reassurance of responsive action and intervention and updates politicians and partner agencies
9	Areas 1-7	Current referral system for existing interventions/ actions not clear to all partner agencies.	Engage with relevant Services within HSCP to raise awareness and formalise referral process	Service Manager: CLD, Community Safety & Sports	April 2018	Will facilitate faster response and intervention/referral, particularly where there is ongoing engagement.

Inverclyde Community Safety Partnership- COORDINATING GROUP

Youth Gatherings & Youth Disorder

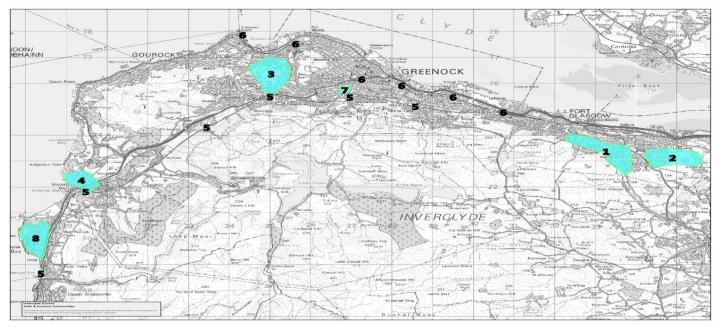
Quarter 3 2018 July – September

> Produced by Community Safety Data Analyst 4th October 2018

Methodology

Youth ASB has been presented by analysing the summary fields in the data from Inverclyde Council and Police Scotland. If there was mention of "youth", "gang", "teen", "young", "group", "children", "boy" or "girl" in the description of the incident these were identified and examined individually to ensure that there were youths involved. The incidents presented occurred from January 2015 to March 2018. Incidents were filtered for those occurring within the eight identified areas: Area 1 – Dubbs Road & Cycle Track; Area 2 – Pladda Fields; Area 3 – Coves Reservoir; Area 4 – Inverkip Beach; Area 5 – Wemyss Bay Trainline; Area 6 – Gourock Trainline; Area 7 – Murdieston Dam and Area 8 – Wemyss Bay.

For the purposes of identifying trends, Police Scotland and Inverclyde Council incidents were combined in the graphs. However, the total should not be taken as absolute as this is likely to include some duplication.



Map A - Inverclyde detailing Areas 1-4 & 7-8 and Railway Stations on Trainlines 5 & 6.

Summary

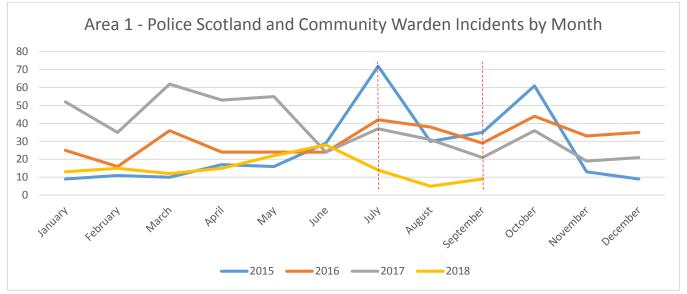
The number of incidents has significantly decreased within all Areas when comparing 2018 to 2017 for the three month period July to September. Only Areas 3 and 8 showed an increase this quarter when comparing to the 4 year average, however, these percentage increases relate to very small increases in the number of incidents in these areas. Large youth gatherings remain reduced in size and frequency. The most common type of youth disorder was generally classified as Public Nuisance.

		Area 1	Area 2	Area 3	Area 4	Area 5	Area 6	Area 7	Area 8
Jul-Sep	4 Yr Average (2015-2018)	91	32	18	20	8	2	12	8
Change from 4 Yr Average	%	-69%	-100%	10%	-90%	-33%	-56%	-83%	29%

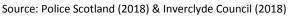
Table B - Incidents relating to Antisocial Behaviour caused by Youths, as reported to the Police and the Community Wardens during January to September, 2015 to 2018

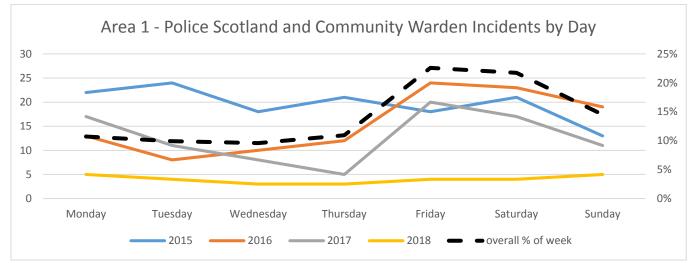
Source: Police Scotland (2018) & Inverclyde Council (2018)





Graph 1.1 - Incidents relating to Antisocial Behaviour caused by Youths, as reported to the Police and the Community Wardens by Month, January 2015 to September 2018





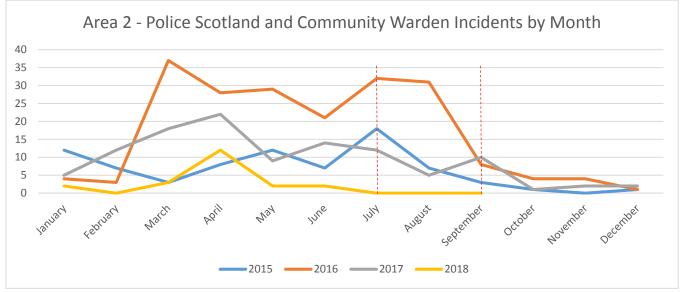
Graph 1.2 - Incidents relating to Antisocial Behaviour caused by Youths, as reported to the Police and the Community Wardens by Day, July to September, with the frequency of each day since January 2015 presented as a percentage of the week Source: Police Scotland (2018) & Inverce Council (2018)

Agency	Category	2015 Q3 Jul-Sep	2016 Q3 Jul-Sep	2017 Q3 Jul-Sep	2018 Q3 Jul-Sep
CI	Public Nuisance	39	70	40	7
PI	PUBLIC NUISANCE	35	16	18	11
CI	Disorderly Behaviour	12	4	6	2
CI	Alcohol misuse	12	6	5	1

Table 1.1 – Most frequently occurring categories of Incidents relating to Antisocial Behaviour caused by Youths, as reported to the Police and the Community Wardens, July to September, 2015 to 2018 (PI = Police Incidents, CI = Council Incidents) Source: Police Scotland (2018) & Invercive Council (2018)

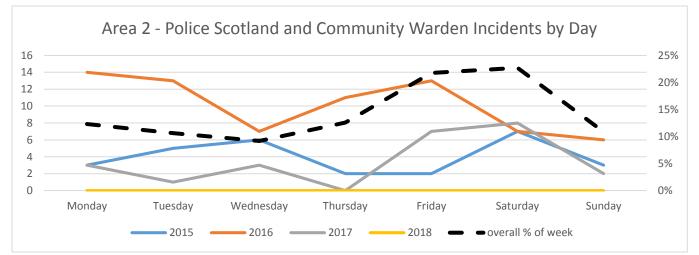
In Area 1, a third of all incidents in Area 1 occurred at the Dubbs Road Community Centre.

Area 2 – Pladda Fields



Graph 2.1 - Incidents relating to Antisocial Behaviour caused by Youths, as reported to the Police and the Community Wardens by Month, January 2015 to September 2018

Source: Police Scotland (2018) & Inverclyde Council (2018)



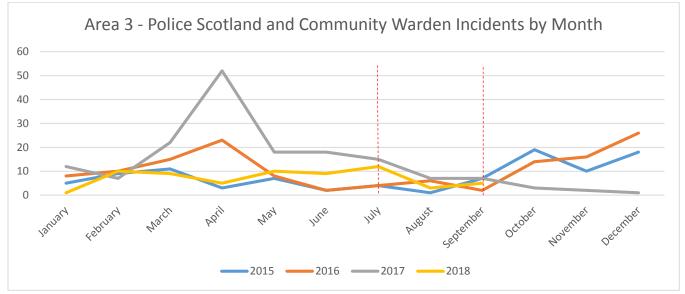
Graph 2.2 - Incidents relating to Antisocial Behaviour caused by Youths, as reported to the Police and the Community Wardens by Day, July to September, with the frequency of each day since January 2015 presented as a percentage of the week Source: Police Scotland (2018) & Inverclyde Council (2018)

Agency	Category	2015 Q3 Jul-Sep	2016 Q3 Jul-Sep	2017 Q3 Jul-Sep	2018 Q3 Jul-Sep
CI	Public Nuisance	13	29	7	0
PI	PUBLIC NUISANCE	9	19	8	0
CI	Alcohol misuse	0	4	6	0

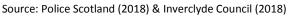
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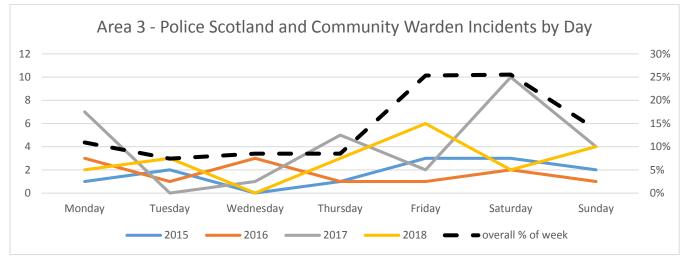
In Area 2, there have been no incidents.

Area 3 – Coves Reservoir



Graph 3.1 - Incidents relating to Antisocial Behaviour caused by Youths, as reported to the Police and the Community Wardens by Month, January 2015 to September 2018





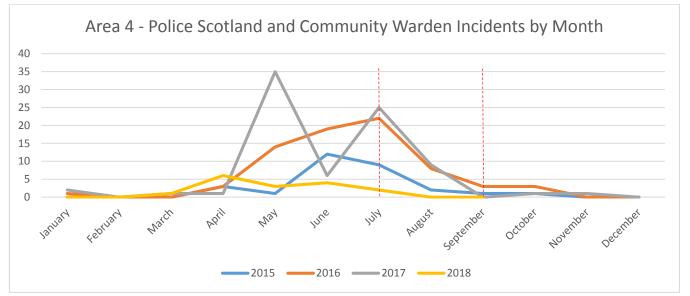
Graph 3.2 - Incidents relating to Antisocial Behaviour caused by Youths, as reported to the Police and the Community Wardens by Day, July to September, with the frequency of each day since January 2015 presented as a percentage of the week Source: Police Scotland (2018) & Inverce Council (2018)

Agency	Category	2015 Q3 Jul-Sep	2016 Q3 Jul-Sep	2017 Q3 Jul-Sep	2018 Q3 Jul-Sep
PI	PUBLIC NUISANCE	6	2	7	4
CI	Public Nuisance	4	6	11	3
CI	Alcohol Misuse	0	0	2	4

Table 3.1 – Most frequently occurring categories of Incidents relating to Antisocial Behaviour caused by Youths, as reported to the Police and the Community Wardens, July to September, 2015 to 2018 (PI = Police Incidents, CI = Council Incidents) Source: Police Scotland (2018) & Inverce Council (2018)

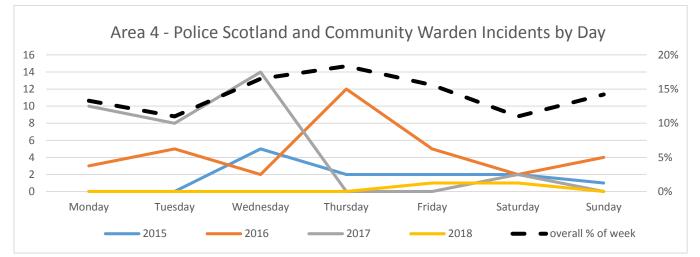
In Area 3, around a third of incidents were in relation to groups of youths creating a disturbance at the bus stop in Mallard Crescent during the month of July. Around a third of incidents were in relation to youths drinking at the 'bomb shelters'. Incidents most often occurred on a Friday.

Area 4 – Inverkip Beach



Graph 4.1 - Incidents relating to Antisocial Behaviour caused by Youths, as reported to the Police and the Community Wardens by Month, January 2015 to September 2018

Source: Police Scotland (2018) & Inverclyde Council (2018)



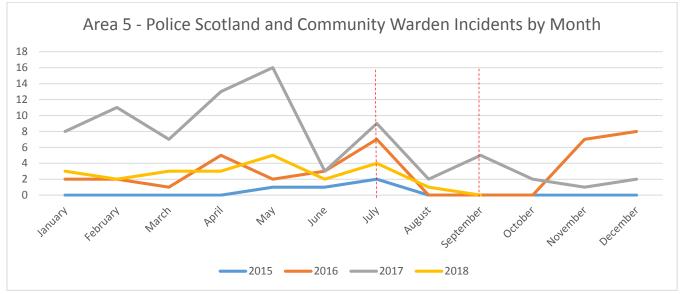
Graph 4.2 - Incidents relating to Antisocial Behaviour caused by Youths, as reported to the Police and the Community Wardens by Day, July to September, with the frequency of each day since January 2015 presented as a percentage of the week Source: Police Scotland (2018) & Invercive Council (2018)

Agency	Category	2015 Q3 Jul-Sep	2016 Q3 Jul-Sep	2017 Q3 Jul-Sep	2018 Q3 Jul-Sep
CI	Public Nuisance	3	10	5	1
CI	Alcohol misuse	2	3	7	1
PI	PUBLIC NUISANCE	3	11	7	0

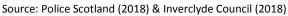
Table 4.1 – Most frequently occurring categories of Incidents relating to Antisocial Behaviour caused by Youths, as reported to the Police and the Community Wardens, July to September, 2015 to 2018 (PI = Police Incidents, CI = Council Incidents) Source: Police Scotland (2018) & Inverced Council (2018)

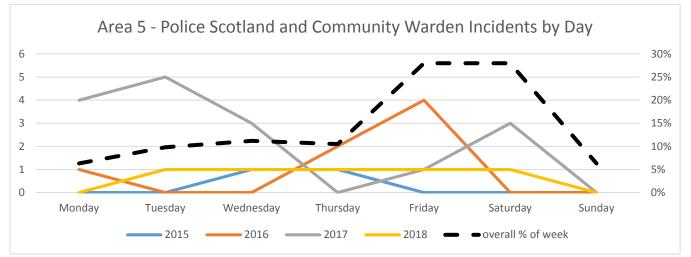
In Area 4, there are too few incidents for meaningful interpretation.





Graph 5.1 - Incidents relating to Antisocial Behaviour caused by Youths, as reported to the Police and the Community Wardens by Month, January 2015 to September 2018





Graph 5.2 - Incidents relating to Antisocial Behaviour caused by Youths, as reported to the Police and the Community Wardens by Day, July to September, with the frequency of each day since January 2015 presented as a percentage of the week Source: Police Scotland (2018) & Invercive Council (2018)

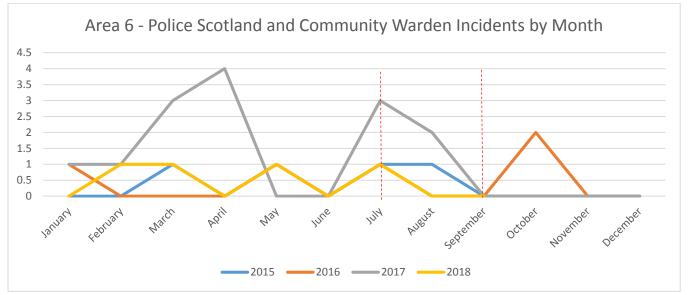
Agency	Category	2015 Q3 Jul-Sep	2016 Q3 Jul-Sep	2017 Q3 Jul-Sep	2018 Q3 Jul-Sep
PI	PUBLIC NUISANCE	0	1	6	2
CI	Disorderly Behaviour	1	0	3	1

Table 5.1 – Most frequently occurring categories of Incidents relating to Antisocial Behaviour caused by Youths, as reported to the Police and the Community Wardens, July to September, 2015 to 2018 (PI = Police Incidents, CI = Council Incidents) Source: Police Scotland (2018) & Inverce Council (2018)

In Area 5, all of the incidents occurred on different dates, days and at different stations.

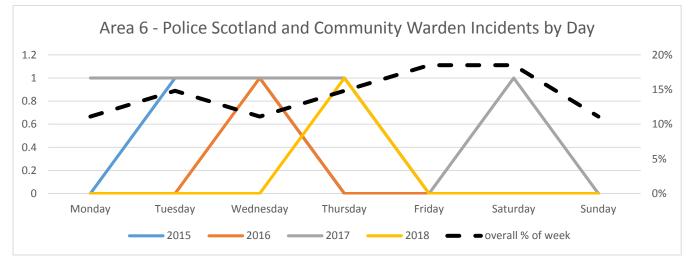
Station	Branchton	Inverkip	Wemyss Bay	Drumfrochar	Whinhill
No. Incidents	1	1	1	1	1





Graph 6.1 - Incidents relating to Antisocial Behaviour caused by Youths, as reported to the Police and the Community Wardens by Month, January 2015 to September 2018

Source: Police Scotland (2018) & Inverclyde Council (2018)



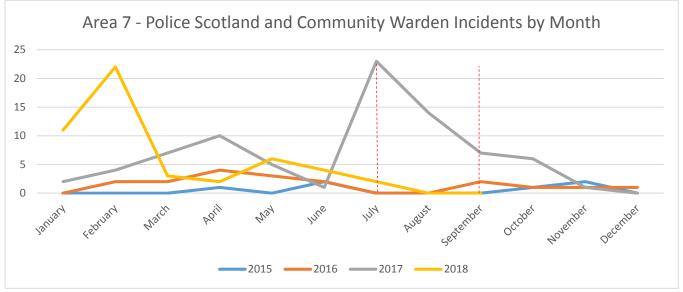
Graph 6.2 - Incidents relating to Antisocial Behaviour caused by Youths, as reported to the Police and the Community Wardens by Day, July to September, with the frequency of each day since January 2015 presented as a percentage of the week Source: Police Scotland (2018) & Inverce Council (2018)

Agency	Category	2015 Q3 Jul-Sep	2016 Q3 Jul-Sep	2017 Q3 Jul-Sep	2018 Q3 Jul-Sep
PI	PUBLIC NUISANCE	0	1	2	1

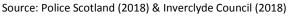
Table 6.1 – Most frequently occurring categories of Incidents relating to Antisocial Behaviour caused by Youths, as reported to the Police and the Community Wardens, July to September, 2015 to 2018 (PI = Police Incidents, CI = Council Incidents) Source: Police Scotland (2018) & Invercive Council (2018)

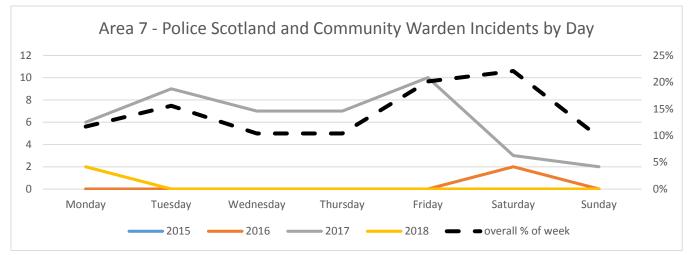
In Area 6, there are too few incidents for meaningful interpretation.





Graph 7.1 - Incidents relating to Antisocial Behaviour caused by Youths, as reported to the Police and the Community Wardens by Month, January 2015 to September 2018



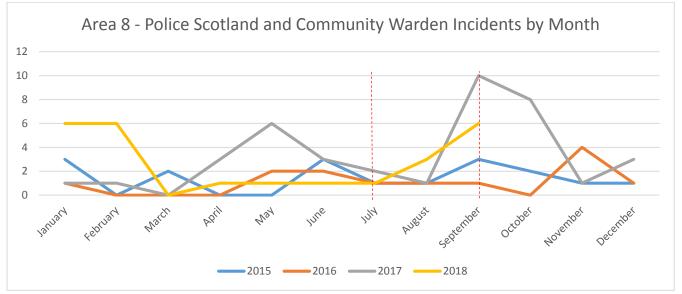


Graph 7.2 - Incidents relating to Antisocial Behaviour caused by Youths, as reported to the Police and the Community Wardens by Day, July to September, with the frequency of each day since January 2015 presented as a percentage of the week Source: Police Scotland (2018) & Invercive Council (2018)

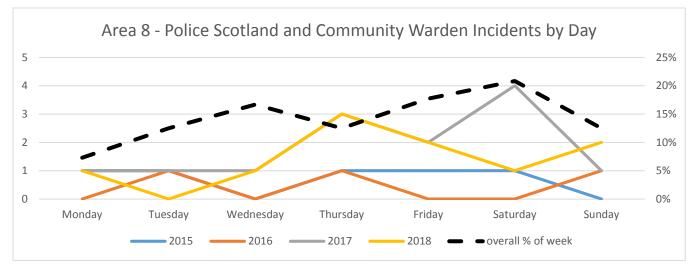
Agency	Category	2015 Q3 Jul-Sep	2016 Q3 Jul-Sep	2017 Q3 Jul-Sep	2018 Q3 Jul-Sep
CI	Alcohol misuse	0	0	6	1
PI	PUBLIC NUISANCE	0	1	12	1

Table 7.1 – Most frequently occurring categories of Incidents relating to Antisocial Behaviour caused by Youths, as reported to the Police and the Community Wardens, July to September, 2015 to 2018 (PI = Police Incidents, CI = Council Incidents) Source: Police Scotland (2018) & Invercive Council (2018)

In Area 7, there are too few incidents for meaningful interpretation.



Graph 8.1 - Incidents relating to Antisocial Behaviour caused by Youths, as reported to the Police and the Community Wardens by Month, January 2015 to September 2018 Source: Police Scotland (2018) & Invercive Council (2018)



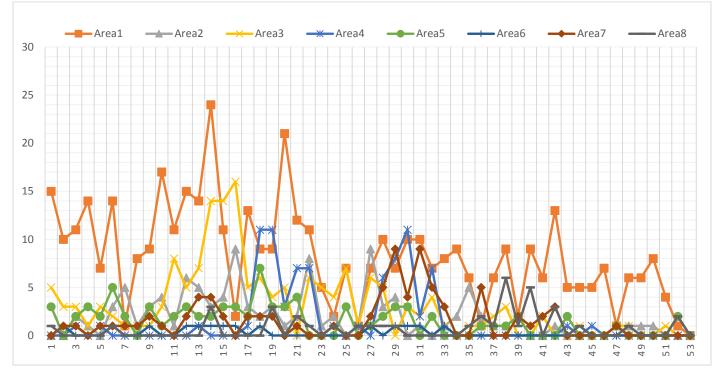
Graph 8.2 - Incidents relating to Antisocial Behaviour caused by Youths, as reported to the Police and the Community Wardens by Day, July to September, with the frequency of each day since January 2015 presented as a percentage of the week Source: Police Scotland (2018) & Inverclyde Council (2018)

Agency	Category	2015 Q3 Jul-Sep	2016 Q3 Jul-Sep	2017 Q3 Jul-Sep	2018 Q3 Jul-Sep
PI	PUBLIC NUISANCE	2	0	5	4
CI	Public Nuisance	0	1	4	4

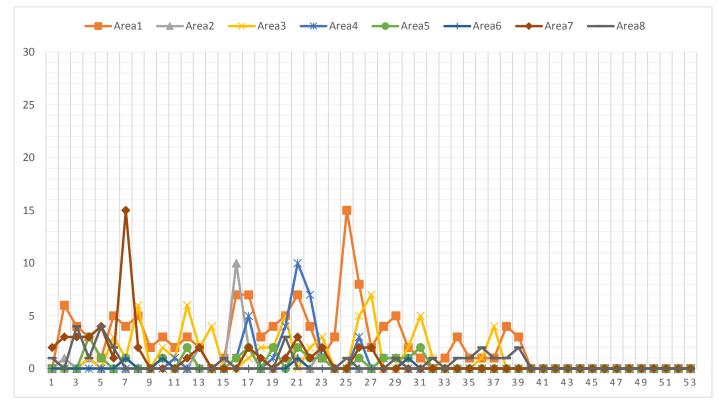
Table 8.1 – Most frequently occurring categories of Incidents relating to Antisocial Behaviour caused by Youths, as reported to the Police and the Community Wardens, July to September, 2015 to 2018 (PI = Police Incidents, CI = Council Incidents) Source: Police Scotland (2018) & Invercive Council (2018)

In Area 8, a third of incidents were in relation to youths in the derelict Wemyss Bay Hotel.

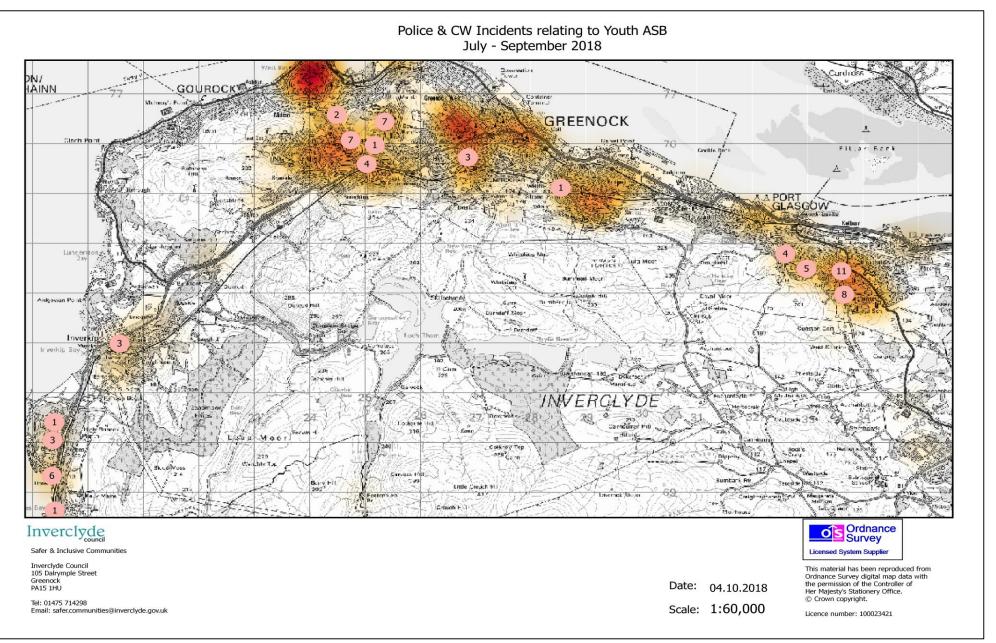
Inverclyde



Graph C - Number of Incidents relating to Antisocial Behaviour caused by Youths, as reported to the Police and the Community Wardens by week number, 2017



Graph D - Number of Incidents relating to Antisocial Behaviour caused by Youths, as reported to the Police and the Community Wardens by week number, 2018



Map E - Incidents in Areas 1-8 relating to Antisocial Behaviour caused by Youths, as reported to the Police and the Community Wardens, clustered to 40 metres, superimposed over Heatmap of all Youth ASB regardless of area, July to September 2018